



The System Shell as a Construct for Mitigating the Impact of Changing Contexts by Creating Opportunities for Value Robustness

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Presented by Adam Ross, Ph.D.

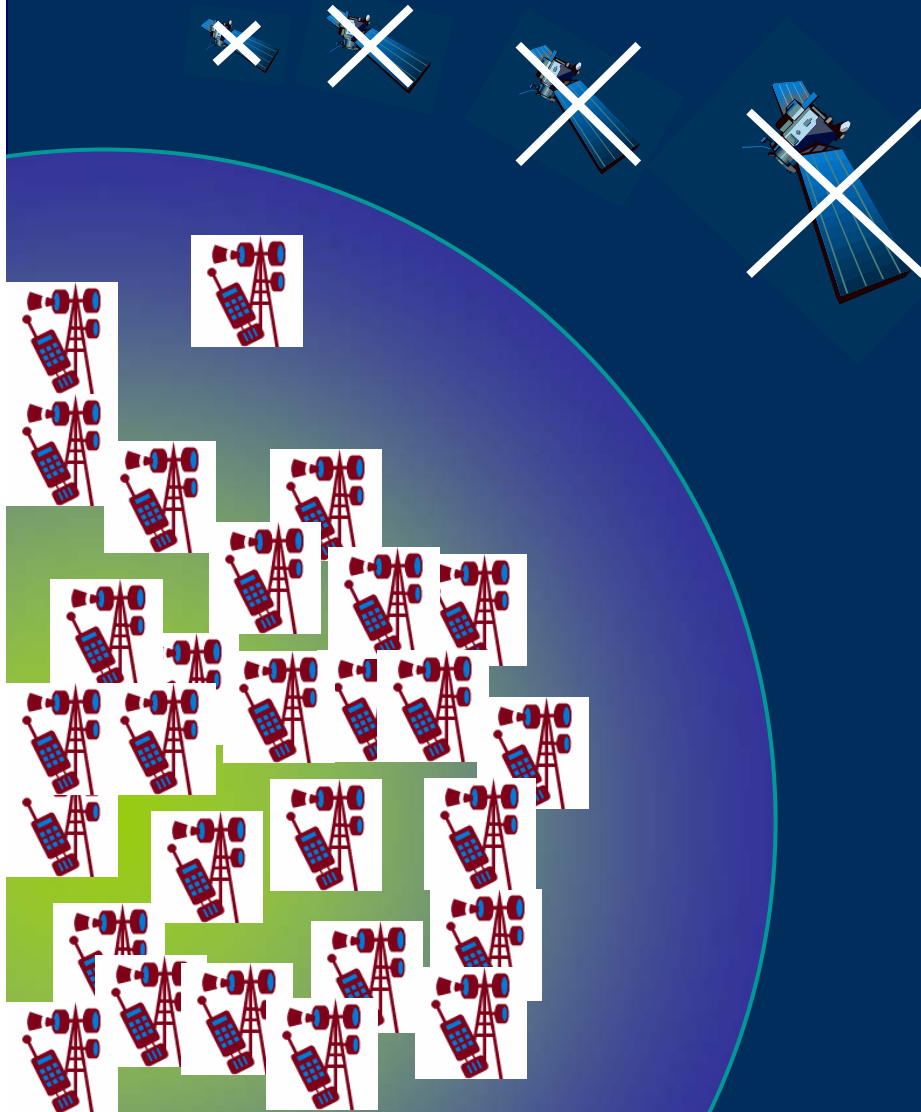
April 11, 2007

Achieving System Success

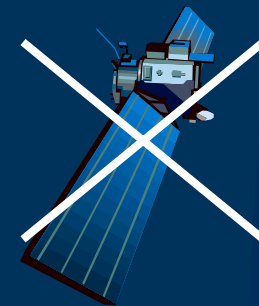


- Goal of design is to create value (profits, usefulness, voice of the customer, etc...)
- Requirements capture a mapping of needs to specifications to guide design

Deploying a “Valuable” System...



Contexts change...



Achieving System Success (cont.)



- Goal of design is to create value (profits, usefulness, voice of the customer, etc...)

- People change their minds; the world changes...
- To continue to deliver value, systems must cope with context change...

What is Context?

- Context includes forces exogenous to system
 - Stakeholder expectations
 - Operating environment
 - Policy constraints
 - Available technologies
 - Competitive market
 - Etc...
- System success depends on system performance within a given *context*
- In order to ensure success, designers must consider context beyond traditional “operating environment” (classical robust design)

What is System Success?

Success is defined across multiple perspectives and multiple time periods

System success, Ψ , across N decision makers at time t

$$\Psi(t) = \sum_{i=1}^N \left[\overset{\text{Net "experience"}}{\underbrace{X_{DMi}(t) + \varepsilon_C^{X_{DMi}}(t)}} \geq \overset{\text{Net "expectations"}}{Y_{DMi}(t) + \varepsilon_C^{Y_{DMi}}(t)} \right]$$

$$0 \leq \Psi(t) \leq N$$

$X_{DMi}(t)$ Decision maker i system
"experience" at time t

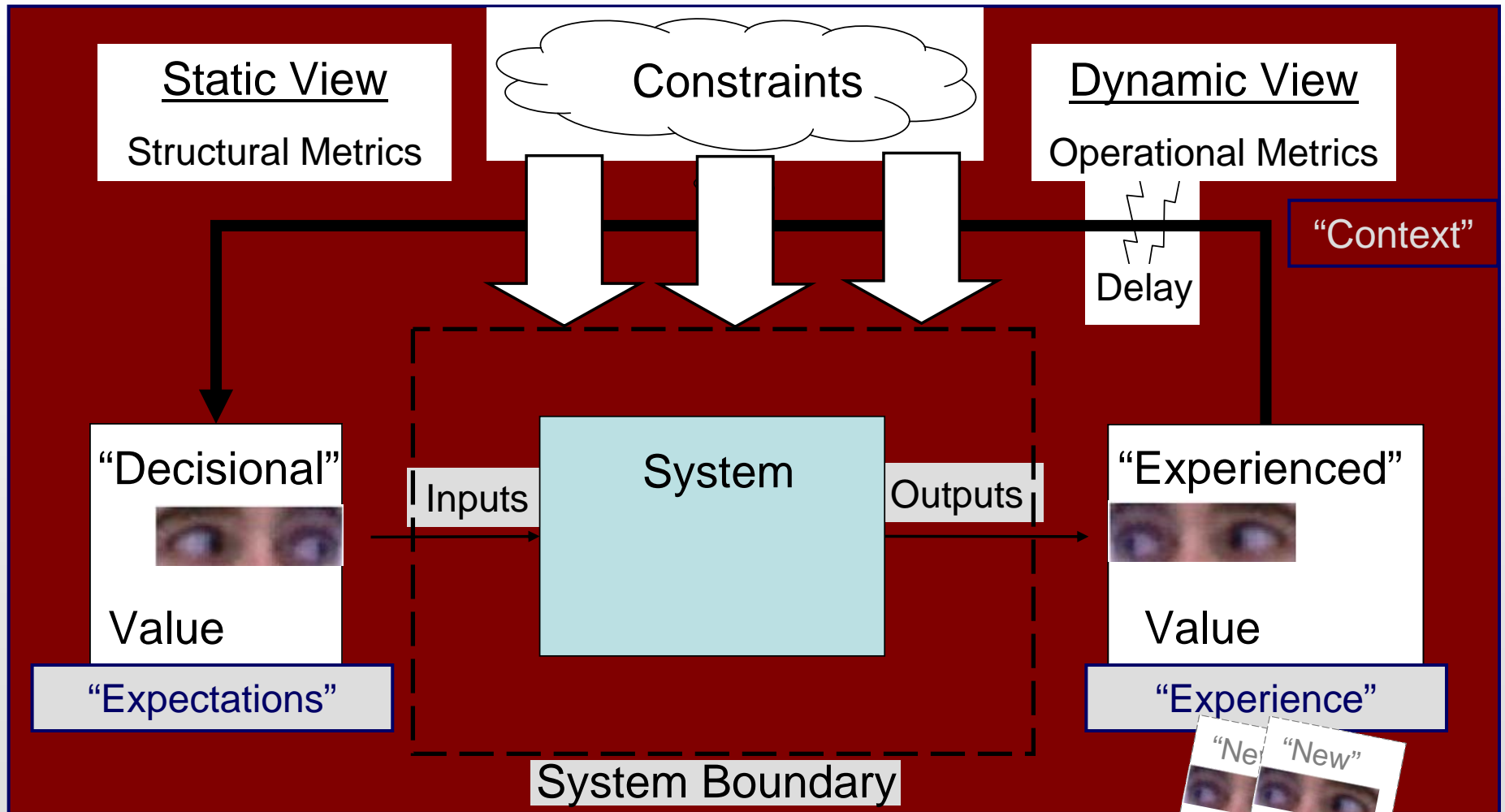
$\varepsilon_C^{X_{DMi}}(t)$ Context effect on decision
maker i "experience" at time t

$Y_{DMi}(t)$ Decision maker i system
"expectation" at time t

$\varepsilon_C^{Y_{DMi}}(t)$ Context effect on decision
maker i "expectation" at time t

System Success: Net "experience" must meet or exceed net "expectations"

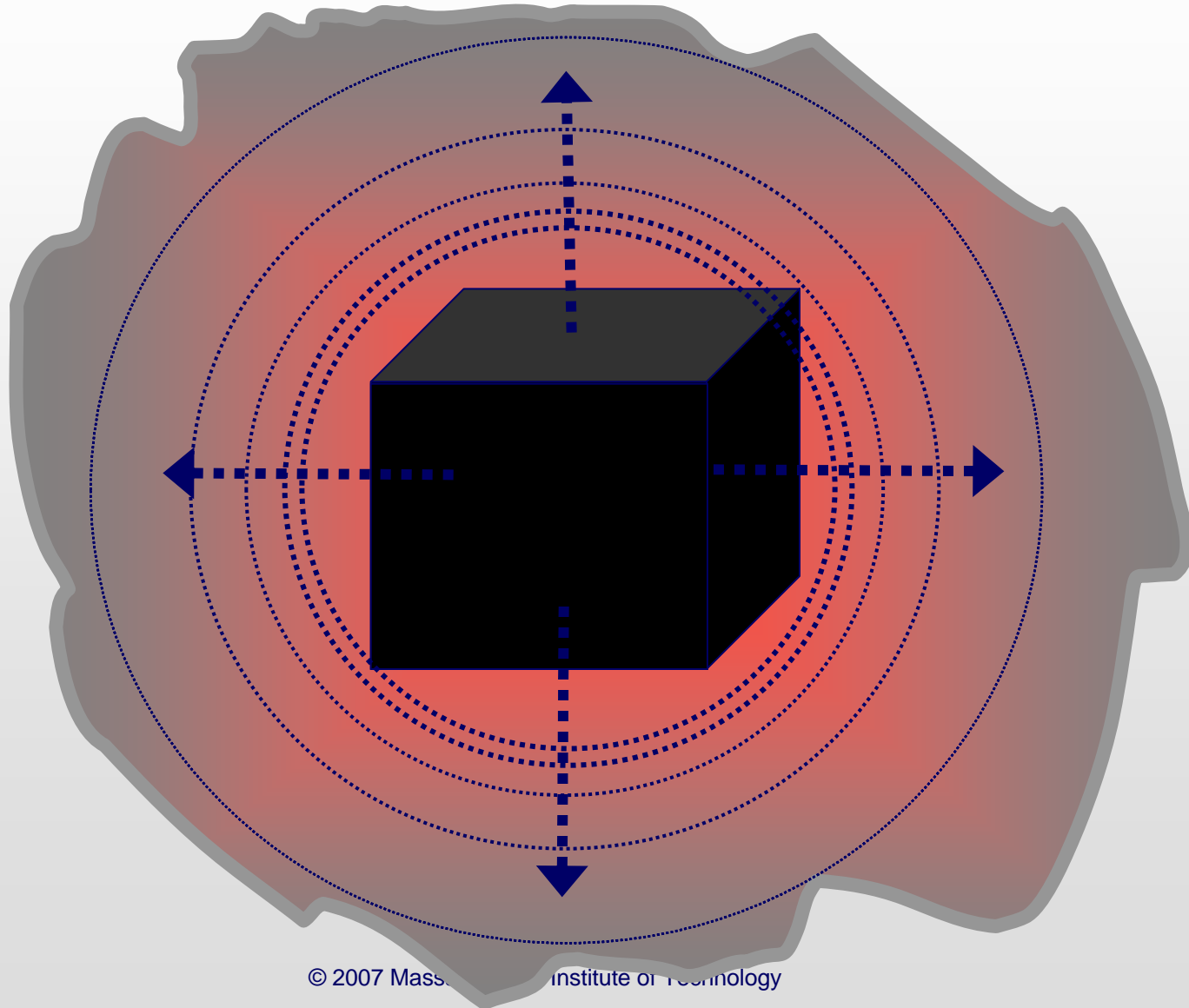
Dynamic System Context: Value Lenses



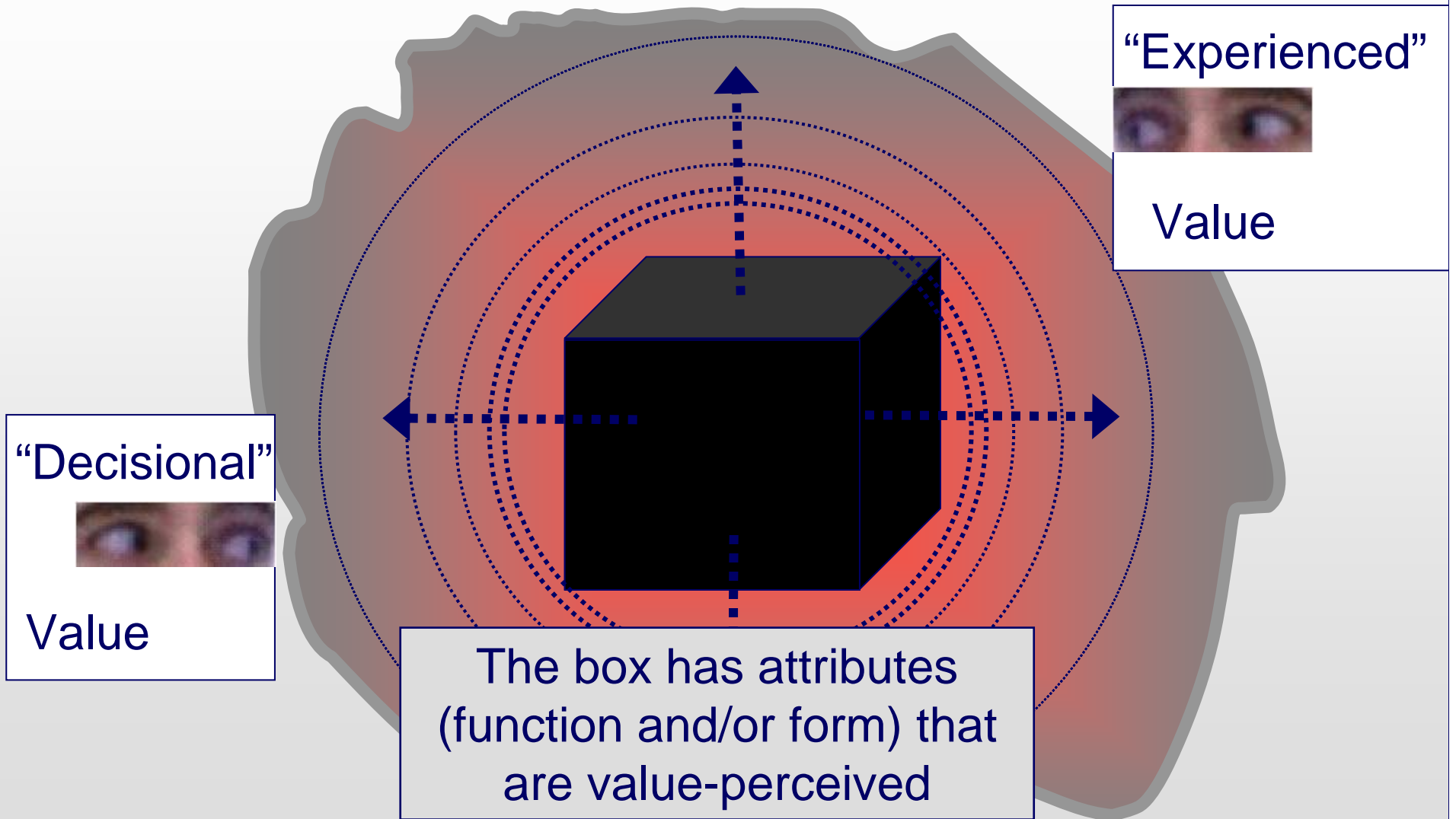
*"Decision", "Experienced", and "Remembered" Utility from (Kahneman and Tversky 2000)

**Discussion of "structural" versus "operational" metrics in (Giachetti et al. 2003)

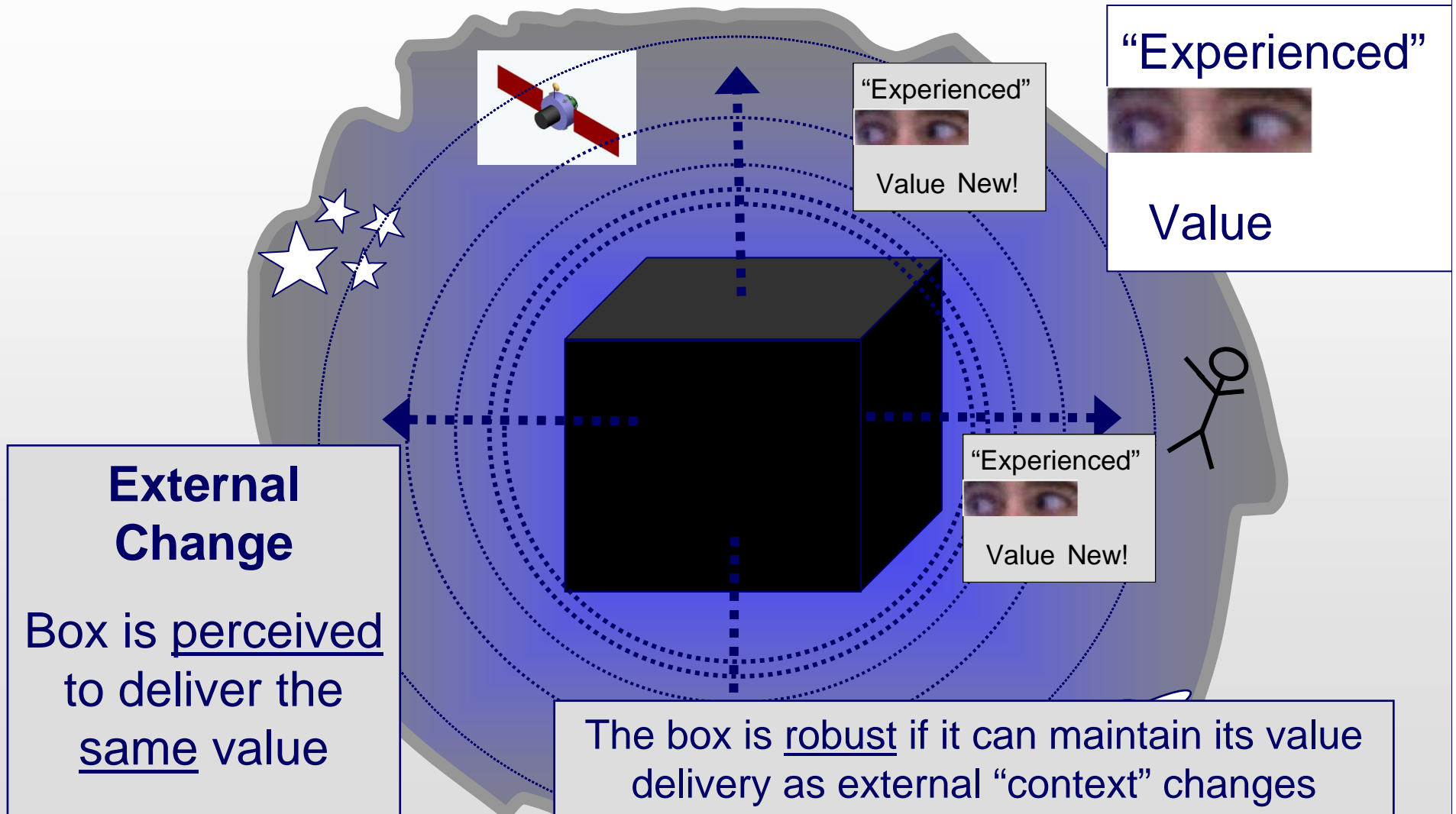
Construct: Black Box System



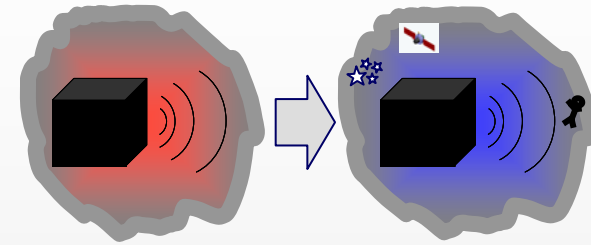
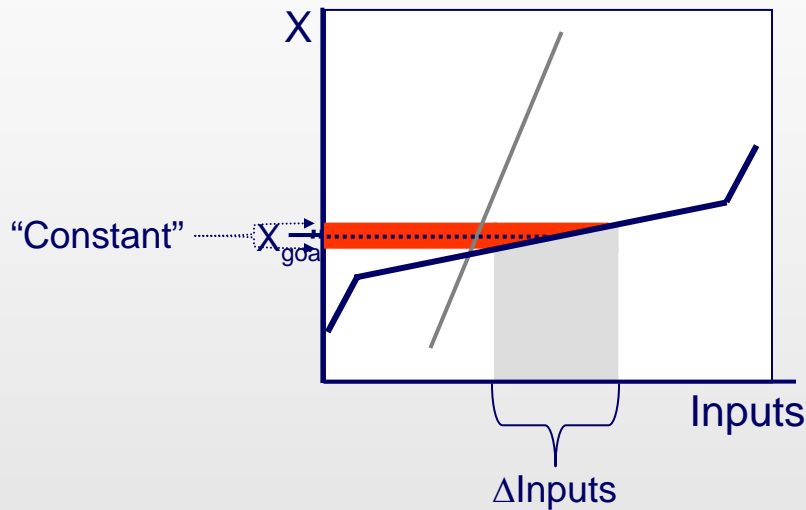
Black Box System



Value Robust Black Box



Robustness Defined

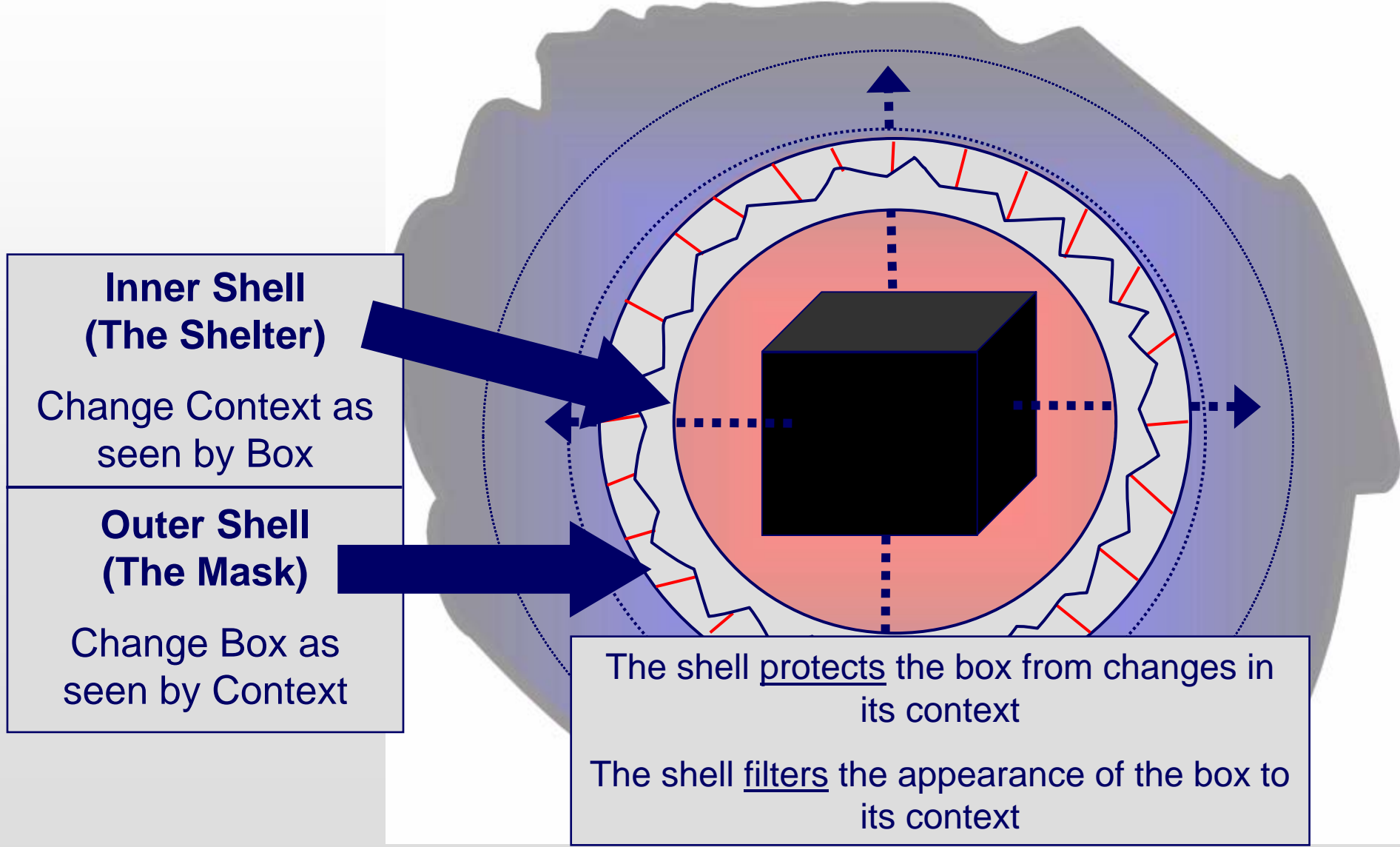


No change in perceived value
"Robust"

A box can be quantified in terms of
robust in X^i to "Input" change
(i.e., can X^i remain "constant" over
range of "Input"?)

Level of attribute performance is function of inputs (and constraints including environment), so robustness is an insensitivity to the inputs (and constraints)

System Shell Illustrated



**Inner Shell
(The Shelter)**

Change Context as
seen by Box

**Outer Shell
(The Mask)**

Change Box as
seen by Context

The shell protects the box from changes in
its context

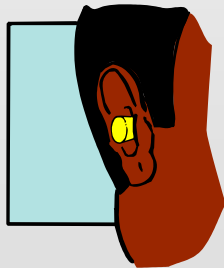
The shell filters the appearance of the box to
its context

Examples: Shelter

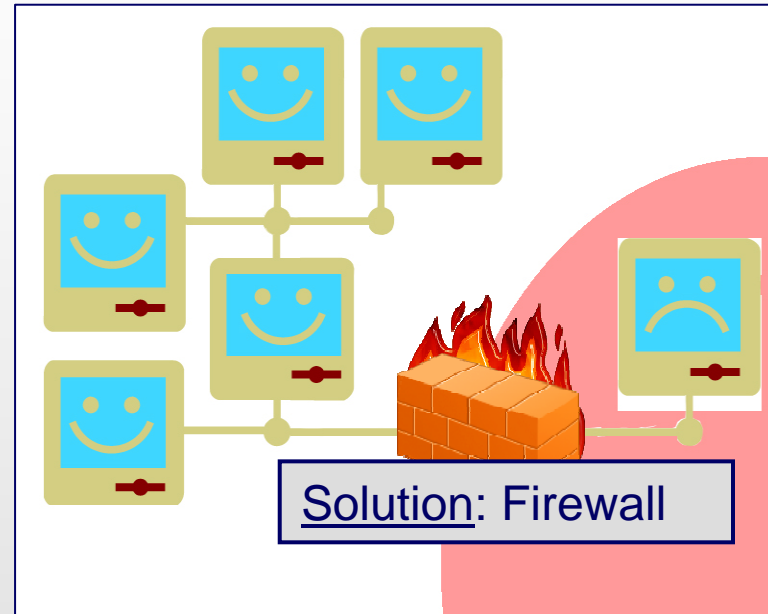
Context: Noisy environment



Solution: Earplugs



Context: Hostile external network



Solution: Firewall

Shelters “protect” system from context more cheaply than modification of system itself

System Mask as a Filter

User desires "A"
User sees "A"

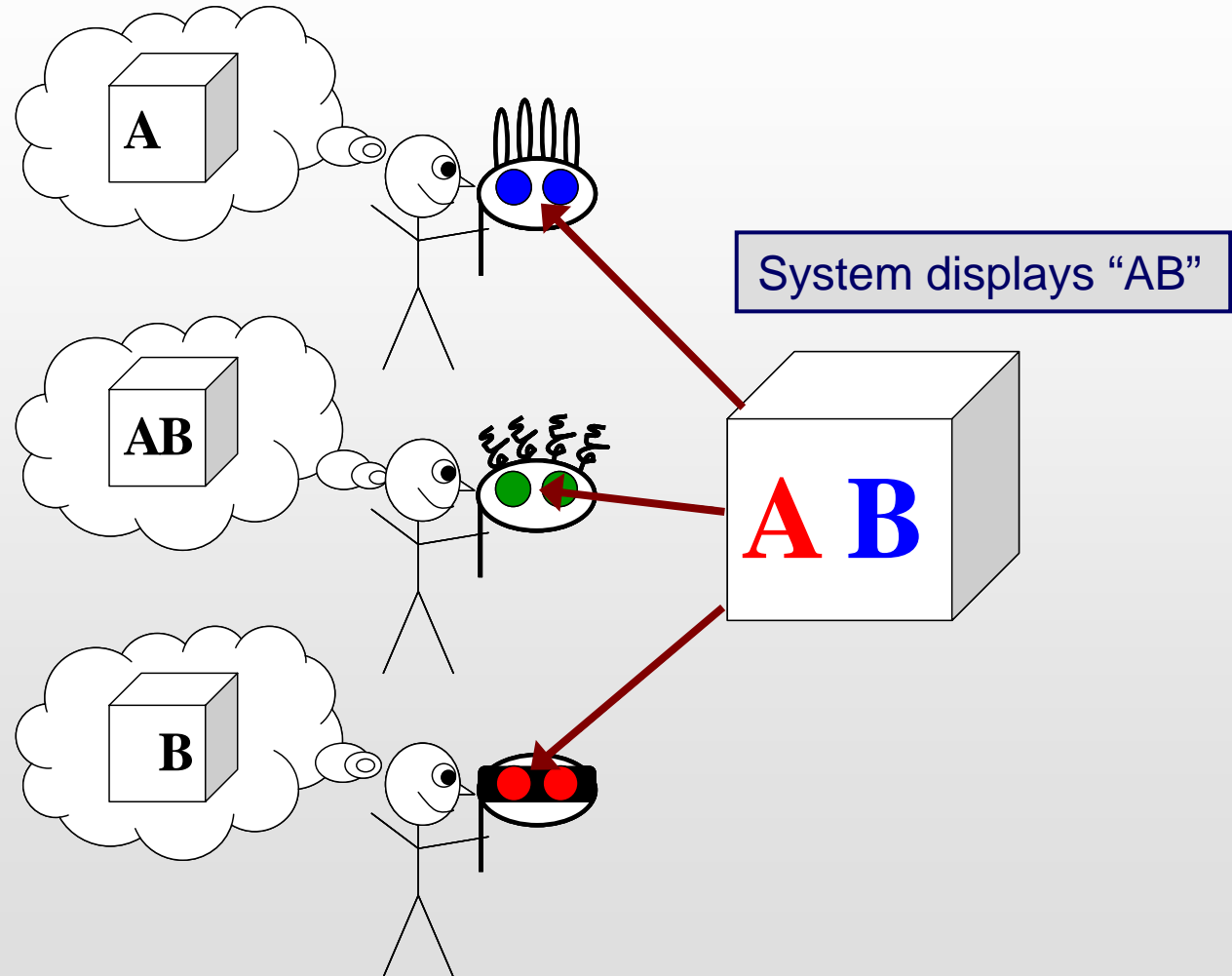
Success!

User desires "AB"
User sees "AB"

Success!

User desires "B"
User sees "B"

Success!



System Mask customizes "experience" to meet expectations

Examples: Mask

Cellular Phone “Appearance”



Solution: Faceplates

Images from
<http://www.akcessories.com/index.html?lmd=39141.647419>

GPS System “Appearance”

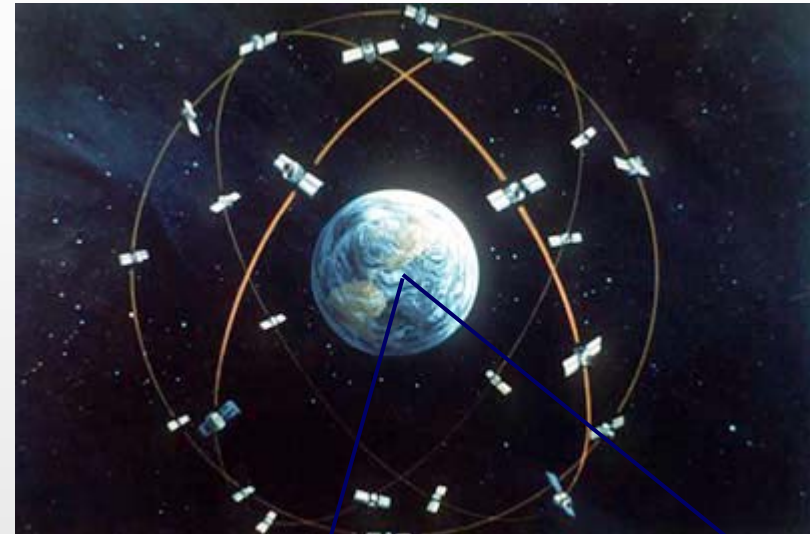


Photo courtesy U.S. Department of Defense

Solution: Various interpretive receivers

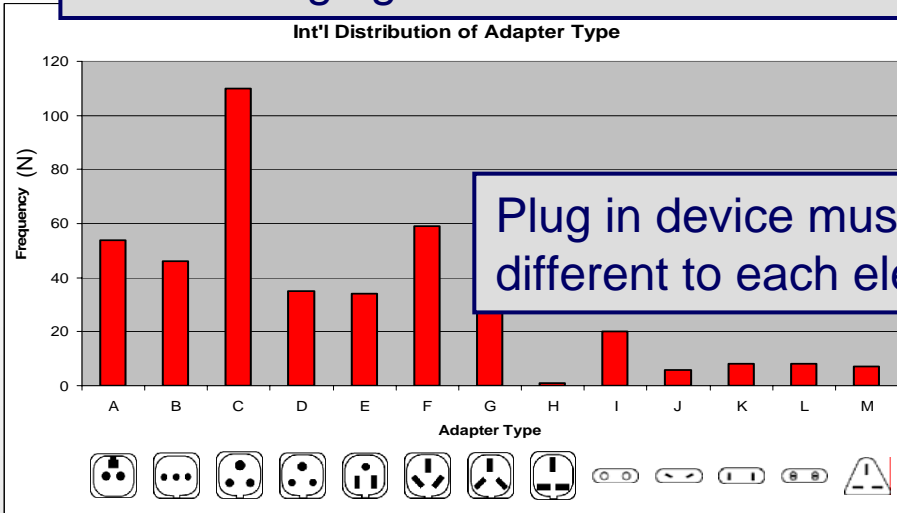


Photo courtesy [Garmin](#)

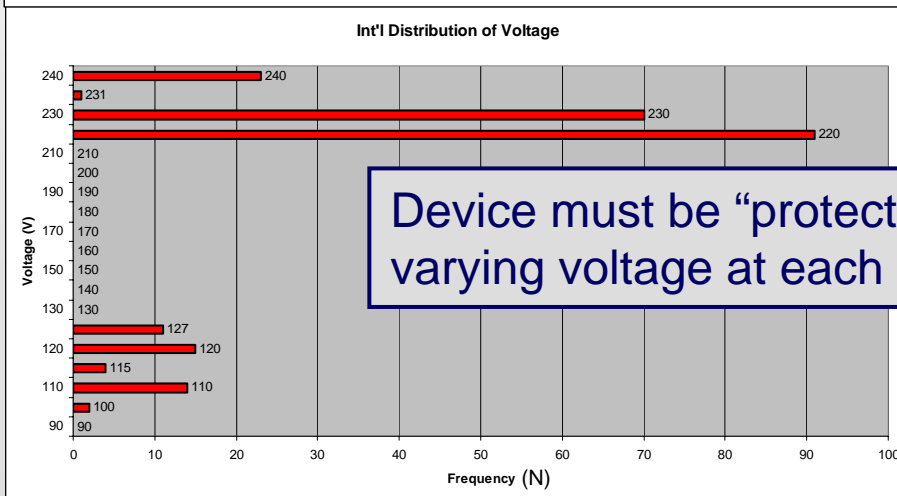
Masks filter “appearance” of system to context more cheaply than modification of system itself

Examples: Shell

Changing Context: International Electrical Power Sockets



Plug in device must “look” different to each electric socket



Device must be “protected” from varying voltage at each electric socket



Solution: Adapter (Mask) and Converter (Shelter)

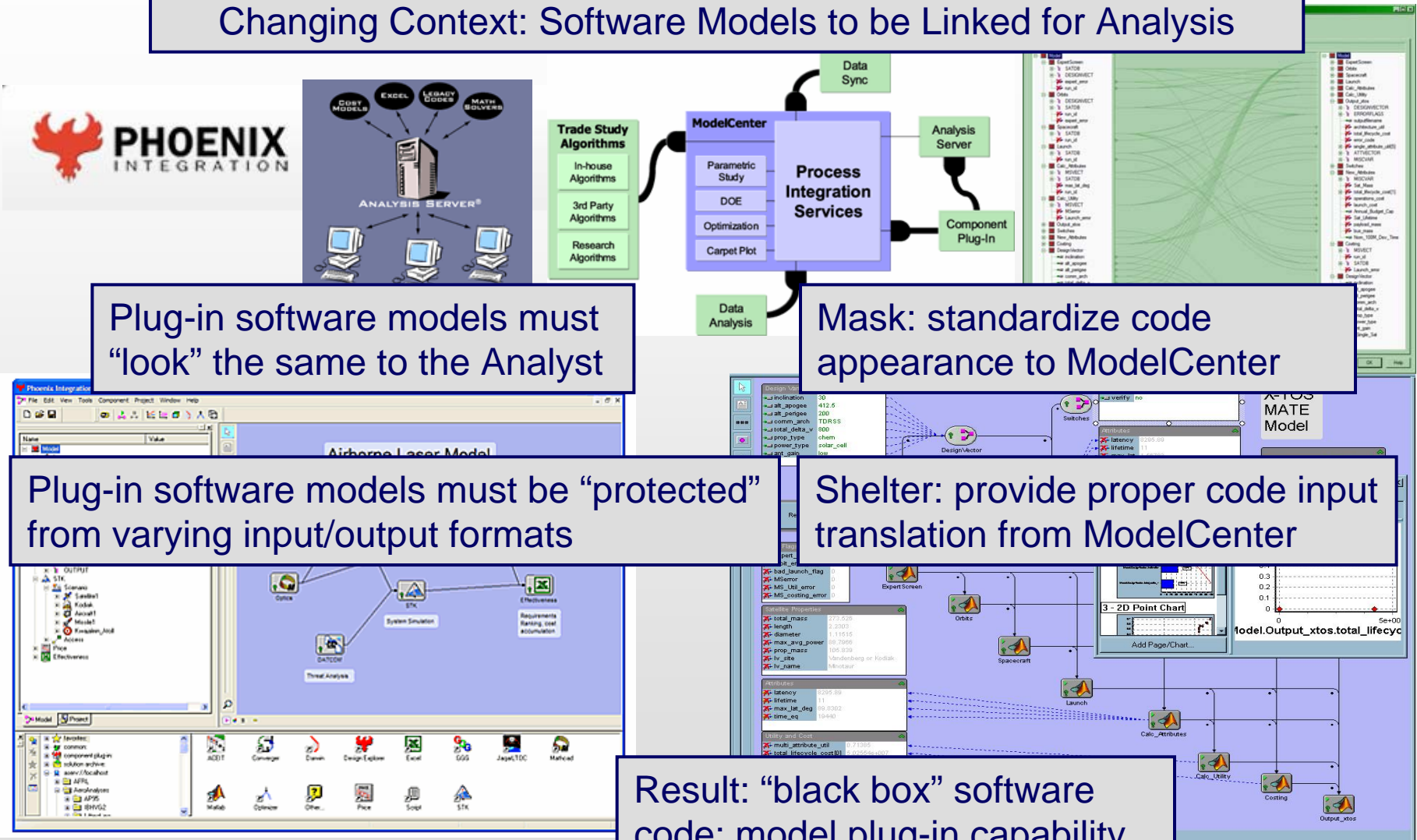


Image from Amazon.com, Samsonite Converter/Adaptor Plug Kit with Pouch

Source: <http://www.kropla.com/electric2.htm>

Examples: Software Shell

Changing Context: Software Models to be Linked for Analysis



Plug-in software models must “look” the same to the Analyst

Mask: standardize code appearance to ModelCenter

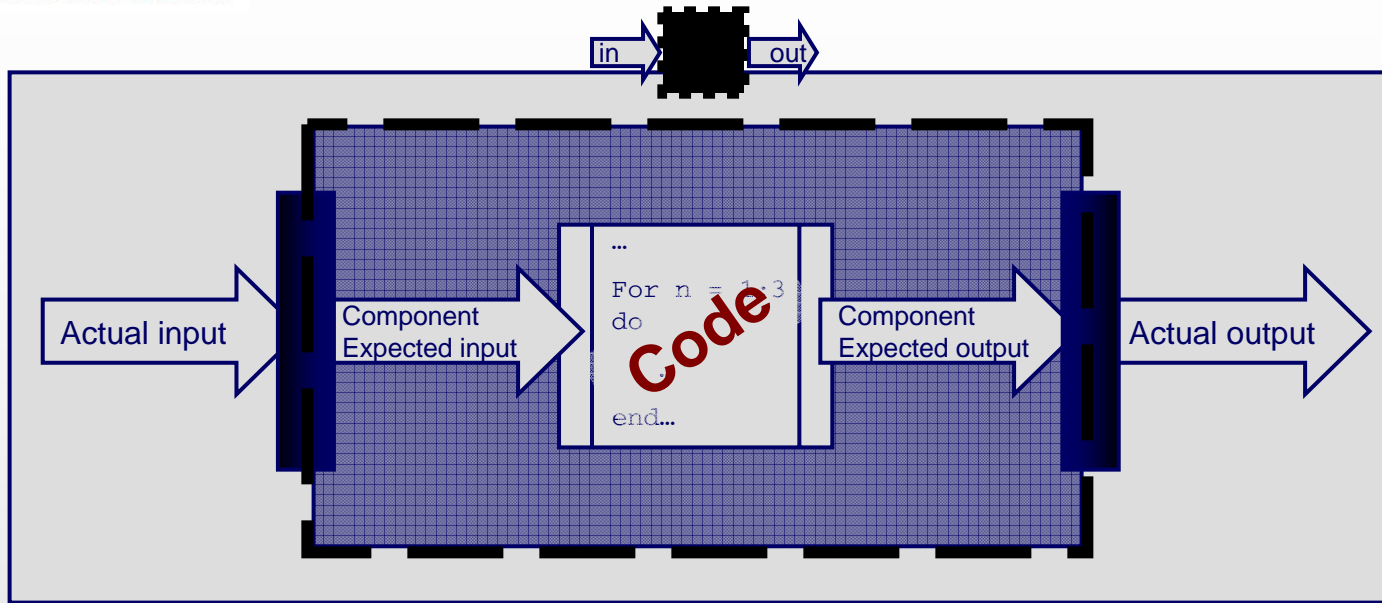
Plug-in software models must be “protected” from varying input/output formats

Shelter: provide proper code input translation from ModelCenter

Result: “black box” software code; model plug-in capability

Source: <http://www.phoenix-int.com/products/modelcenter.php>

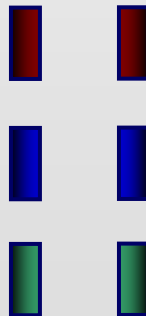
Example: Software/SoS Shell



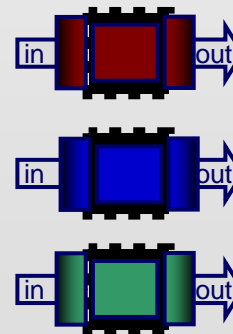
Component set
(virtually limitless)



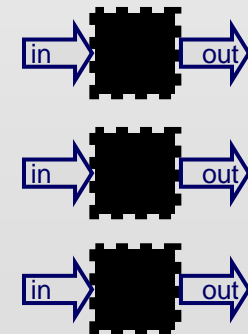
Shelter
custom translation code



Mask
standardized format

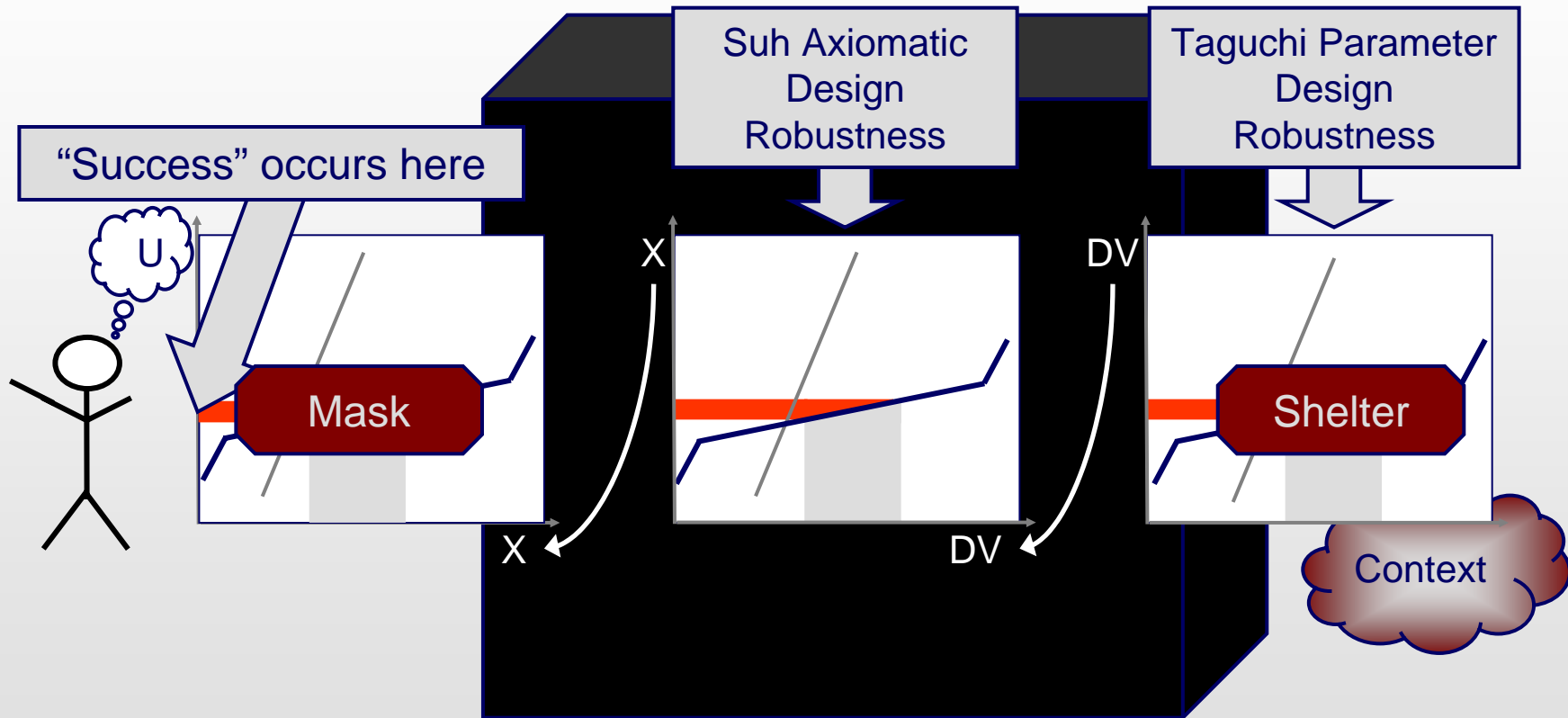


Appearance to SoS



Result: "system of system" design with standard component appearance

Flow of Value Robustness



Robustness strategies can be pursued at various locations in value flow from context to value perception

Discussion

- When should a shell be used?

$$\text{Benefit}_{\text{old_sys+shell}} - \text{Cost}_{\text{shell}} > \text{Benefit}_{\text{new_sys}} - \text{Cost}_{\text{new_sys}}$$

i.e., Net Benefit of Shell > Net Benefit of New System

- Implications for design
 - Extend operating ranges (augmented robustness)
 - Customized user experiences (multi-stakeholder satisfaction)
 - Distribution of costs for “shell”
- System of System design
- Separating changeable system parts

Conclusion

- System Shell construct decouples system from context through “protection” and “filtering”
- System Shell can be part of system or layered on top
- May be a cost-effective and/or timely solution to multiple perspective, multiple time period context

Using a System Shell is an effective technique
for achieving Value Robustness



Thank you for your attention!

Any questions?

For further details on topic please see:

Ross, Adam M., Managing Unarticulated Value:
Changeability in Multi-Attribute Tradespace Exploration.
Cambridge, MA: MIT. PhD in Engineering Systems. 2006.